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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

**United States Patent and Trademark Office** 

June 04, 2004

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APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/482,437

FILING DATE: June 26, 2003

# PRIORITY DOCUMENT

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**Certifying Officer** 

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# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE FEE RECORD SHEET

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\*U.S. Government Printing Office: 2002 — 489-267/69033

PTO/SB/16 (10-01)

Approved for use through10/31/2002. OMB 0551-0332

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## PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT COVER SHEET

This is a request for filing a PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT under 37 CFR 1.53(c)

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REUVEN	TIROSH				KFAR SABA, ISRAEL				
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## USE ONLY FOR FILING A PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT

This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.51. The information is used by the public to file (and by the PTO to process) a provisional application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to take 8 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the complete provisional application to the PTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C. 20231. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Box Provisional Application, Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231.

PTO/SB/17 (05-03)

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#### PROVISIONAL PATENT APPLICATION

Inventors:

MORDECHAI DEUTSCH AND REUVEN TIROSH

Title: AN IMPROVED INTERACTIVE TRANSPARENT INDIVIDUAL CELL S BIOCHIP PROCESSOR

### FIELD AND BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to functional cellomics and, more particularly, to a method for the observation and manipulation of individual cells.

Combinatorial (bio)chemistry has evolved as an essential practical means permitting synthesis of many biologically-active and pharmaceutical structures, which must then be tested for their effects on animals and humans. The use of single, individual cell- based assays is an important tool in modern and advanced biomedical studies. Furthermore, cell functions are comprised of many interconnecting signaling and feedback pathways. Many times, a compound study based on isolated targets or cell preparations can not resolve this complexity. Thus, for a comprehensive understanding of a compound effect, testing of a single, whole living cell, is required. Such tests, in addition to their assistance in discovering and developing safer products, provide a useful tool in detecting biological and toxic effects, suggesting an alternative method for present toxicological tests resulted in reducing the number of animals used for testing.

In PCT patent application number WO 03/035824 to Deutsch filed 25 October 2001 there is described an interactive transparent individual cells biochip processor (ITICBP) that allows for the observation and manipulation of single cells in their own individual wells.

There is however a drawback associated with Deutsch's method. In Deutsch's method when cells are observed through a microscope, the material that the wells are made of which is usually glass or plasticpolystyrene has a significantly different refractive index than the physiological medium that the cells are suspended in. This causes some light scattering. Additionally some of the light will reflect off the glass causing further optical distortion. Additionally in the best of cases, there will be no interaction between the cell and the glass or plastic-polystyrene and in other cases there may be an interfering reaction between the cells and their glass wells.

There is thus a widely recognized need for, and it would be highly advantageous to have, an ITICBP devoid of the above limitations.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

The invention is herein described, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying drawing. With specific reference now to the drawing in detail, it is stressed that the particulars shown are by way of example and for purposes of illustrative discussion of the preferred embodiments of the present invention only, and are presented in the cause of providing what is believed to be the most useful and readily understood description of the principles and conceptual aspects of the invention. In this regard, no attempt is made to show structural details of the invention in more detail than is necessary for a fundamental understanding of the invention, the description taken with the drawings making apparent to those skilled in the art how the several forms of the invention may be embodied in practice.

In the drawing:

FIG. 1 is a perspective side view of the present invention.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

The present invention is of a hydrogel substitute for a glass grid (matrix) used for the observation and manipulation of individual ordered cells which can be used for overcoming problems relation to glass or plastic poly-styrene grids.

The principles and operation of a hydrogel grid according to the present invention may be better understood with reference to the drawing and accompanying descriptions.

Before explaining at least one embodiment of the invention in detail, it is to be understood that the invention is not limited in its application to

the details of construction and the arrangement of the components set forth in the following description or illustrated in the drawings. The invention is capable of other embodiments or of being practiced or carried out in various ways. Also, it is to be understood that the phraseology and terminology employed herein is for the purpose of description and should not be regarded as limiting.

Referring now to the drawings, Figure 1 illustrates the grid 20 which is part of the whole transparent grid compartment 10. Transparent grid compartment 10 according to the prior art of Deutsch includes a glass or a plastic polystyrene grid unit 20. Grid unit 20 may be for example a slab shape of 1 millimeter (mm) thickness and have a frame of 4x4 mm including a centered engraved surface 1x1 mm square grid 21. Each grid for example may contain up to 50x50 20 µm diameter wells. The size and number of the wells may vary as desired. The depth of the wells may be for example 10 µm. According to the teachings of the present invention a hydrogel grid unit 20 is used to replace the glass grid described in the prior art of Deutsch. The use of a hydrogel instead of a glass or a plastic poly-styrene grid has numerous advantages.

As the refractive index of the hydrogel is much closer to the refractive index of the physiological medium that the cells are in, light scattering from the glass grid and optical distortion will be reduced.

Cells that are settled onto a gel surface will feel a friendlier physiological environment.

Moreover the gels may contain trapped diffusible materials.

In a preferred embodiment that will be described below, an additional thin layer gel cover may be added on top of the cells which would prevent any cell migration between individual wells and additionally do not have any uncontrolled flow of liquid medium between wells, enabling the testing of individual cell uptake and secretion, for example of fluorescent labeled molecules.

Transparent grid compartment 10 further includes a top cover glass 22 and bottom cover glass 23 that press against an inner frame 24 which is preferably made from rubber polymer. Inner frame 24 preferably has at least one inlet and outlet channel 26 configured for cell loading and medium flow, which may be controlled for example by a hydrostatic pressure head. The space 28 above grid 21 is occupied with the transparent medium and enables the microscopic observations of the grid during both cell loading and fluid manipulations.

In order to produce a hydrogel grid unit 20 and to ensure that it will not break up due to its relatively fragile consistency (preferably 96% water), the hydrogel must be secured in its place without any possibility of being moved in relation to its rubber frame. In order to fulfill this purpose, a rubber polymer is poured into space 28 on top of a glass grid 20 which is described above and in the abovementioned prior art of Deutsch. An example of a rubber polymer which may be used is hydrophilic vinil polysiloxane impression material, Injection type, Type 3 Low Viscosity, available as EXAMIX<sup>TM</sup> NDS, from GC AMERICA INC, ALSIP, IL 60803 U.S.A. At the end of this stage there is now formed a negative template of the glass grid exactly at the correct dimension and position relative to the rubber polymer frame 24.

Following the rubber polymerization stage, the whole grid compartment 10, is turned upside down. Cover glass 23 is removed and then glass grid unit 20 is removed. Now a fluid alginate is poured into the space vacated by the removal of glass grid unit 20 and Calcium Gluconate polymeriser is added on top for up to a couple of hours to gelinate. Examples of gels which may be used are thermal gel-sol transition such as agar or gelatin, or room temperature Ca-induced gel of alginate (polysaccharide from seaweed) available as PROTANAL LF120 or LF200, from FMCBioPolymer, P.O.Box 494, N-3002 Drammen, Norway.

Cover glass 23 is then returned to its previous place and then cover glass 22 is removed. Following this, the rubber polymer negative template is extracted and then cover glass 22 is reinstated and the whole transparent grid compartment 10 is secured after grid compartment 10 has been turned around upside down again to its original position.

The hydrogel containing transparent grid compartment 10 is now ready for use.

In practice, cell loading and medium flow through channel 26 may be now performed. The whole setup can be placed under a microscope and cells may be observed with minimal scattering during various fluid manipulations.

The gel may contain various reagents which may interact with the cells that are in the wells formed by the gel.

In addition, a thin layer of gel (not shown) may be poured and polymerized on top of the cells within the same framework. This sandwich type of the planar ordered cells in between two gel films prevents any cell migration as well as identifying an individual

transparent surrounding for each cell. Once this top thin layer of gel is in place various fluid manipulations can be carried out. New reagents can then diffuse through the gel to the cells and from the cells through the gel to the topical flow.

An additional advantage is that fluorescent labeling of the diffusing reagents enables the kinetics of their distribution in the environment of each cell and within the cells themselves.

Although the invention has been described in conjunction with specific embodiments thereof, it is evident that many alternatives, modifications and variations will be apparent to those skilled in the art. Accordingly, it is intended to embrace all such alternatives, modifications and variations that fall within the spirit and broad scope of the appended claims.

